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Esterified lignin as hydrophobic agent for use on wood products

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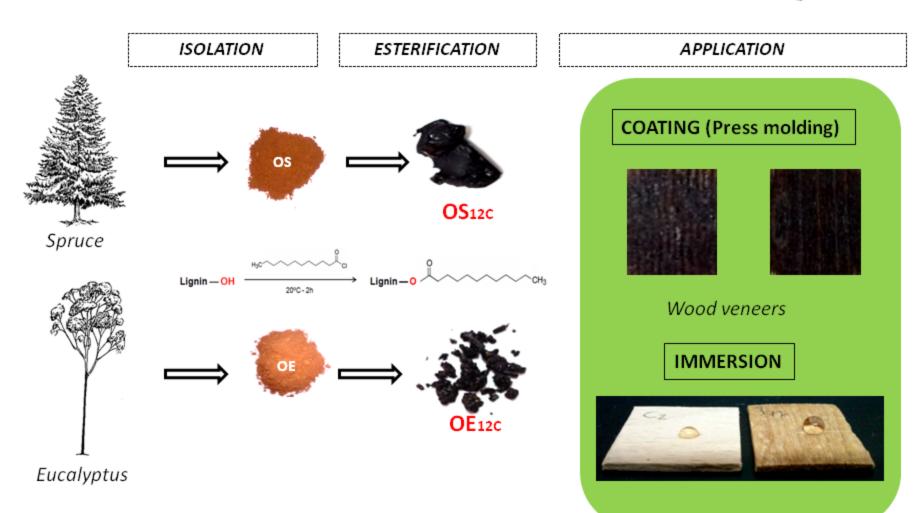
OVERVIEW

- Lignin as a raw material and isolation method
- ► Lignin modification: esterified lignins
- ► Characterization of lignin ester derivates
- ► Wood veneers treatments with esterified lignins: press molding and immersion method
- ► Characterization of treated wood veneers: Water and oil repellence, surface energy, and optical properties



OVERVIEW

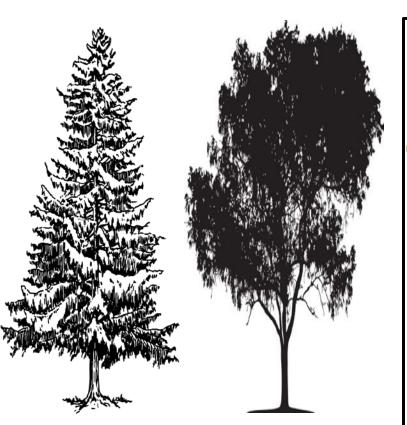


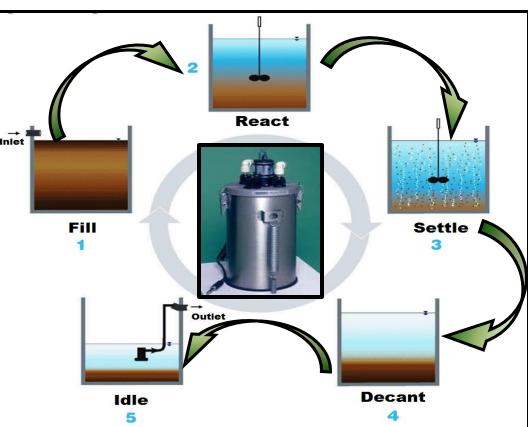




LIGNIN ISOLATION





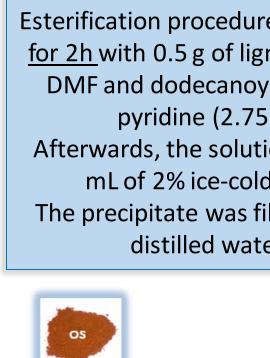


Lignins were extracted by organosolv process from raw materials. The extractions were carried out in a 4 L pressure (20 bar) batch reactor with constant stirring and control of pressure and temperature.

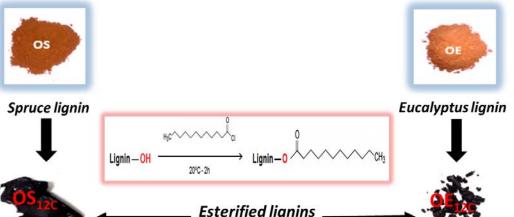


LIGNIN ESTERIFICATION





Esterification procedure was performed at 20 °C for 2h with 0.5 g of lignin dissolved in 15 mL of DMF and dodecanoyl chloride (0.9 mL) and pyridine (2.75 mL) as catalyst. Afterwards, the solution was poured into 650 mL of 2% ice-cold hydrochloric acid. The precipitate was filtered and washed with distilled water and ethanol.



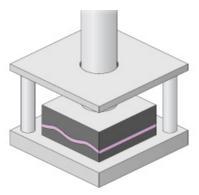


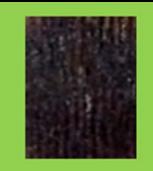


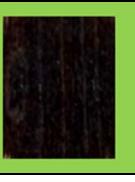
WOOD VENEER TREATMENTS



PRESS MOLDING (COATING)

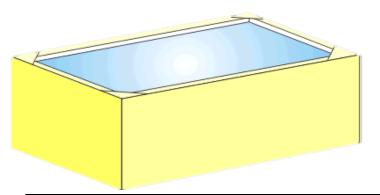






Press molding (90 °C/100 bar and 100 °C/200 bar). Set at 2min and a dosage of 0.002g/cm²

INMERSION IN PRODUCT





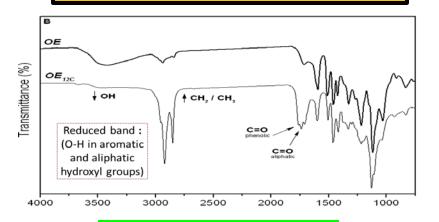
Immersion of veneers at different times (2, 4, 8,..,72 h) with acetone and esterified lignins (0.5 wt%) at room temperature



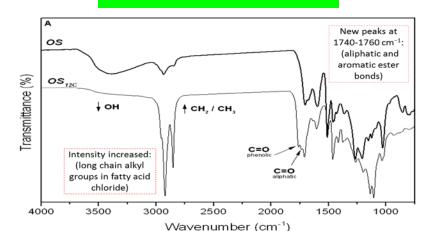
CHARACTERIZATIONS



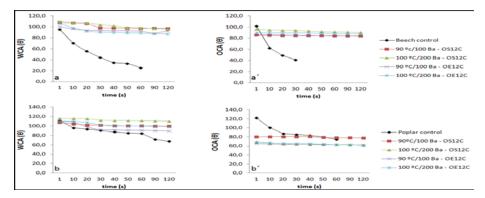
ESTERIFICATION PROCESS



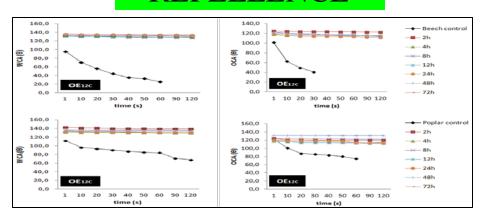
FTIR SPECTRA



PROPERTIES AFTER TREATMENTS



WATER AND OIL REPELLENCE





SUMMARY



- The esterification process at short time and room temperature was successful to synthesize lignin ester derivatives, which would be used as hydrophobic agent on wood products.
- A stable and high hydrophobic and oleophobic behavior on treated veneers was observed.
- The immersion method provided higher and more stable dynamic contact angle for water and oil which remained practically unchanged over time.



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oods which could add an aesthetic contribution to lighter species.

The color change on treated veneers was visually appreciable, especially in the case of coated

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